



THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 31.

ACCORDING to the newspaper accounts of the latest "electroconvulsion" in New York, the cruelty and inhumanity of that mode of inflicting the death penalty have not been lessened by the improvements suggested by experience. Five separate and distinct shocks had to be given to the poor wretch, and his flesh was so burned before he was dead that steam not only rose from the points touched by the poles of the electrical battery but from his whole body. It is passing strange that when an innocent man happens to catch a "live" wire he is killed instantaneously and without suffering, while, when electricity is administered intentionally to a criminal, it should take so long to effect the desired object and inflict such severe agony. The old system of hanging is the best. It operates more speedily and with the least physical suffering.

THE Union League Club of New York, which, during Senator Hill's recent successful effort to have the fairly expressed will of the majority of the voters in his State made effective, issued a manifesto denouncing that Senator as an alleged promoter of election frauds, is now engaged in raising a half million of dollars to be expended at the Presidential election in New York city. How expended? Why, in the purchase of votes in that city on election day. There is good republican authority for the statement that Senator Quay took the half million Postmaster General Wadsworth raised, to the tune of New York at the last Presidential election, and bought enough votes with it to elect Mr. Harrison. If Mr. Quay did that four years ago, why can't Mr. Johnny Davison do likewise with the Union League's money next November?

AND NOW the Frenchmen who were cheated out of their money by the Panama Canal Company charge ex-Secretary of the Navy T. C. Thompson, who prefaced a pair of government plots to a northern lawyer who was counsel in a "southern outrage" case, with which to defend himself against the "rebels" on his trip South, and several other prominent northern republicans, most of whom contribute largely to republican election funds, with swindling and breach of trust, in that, as their agents, they dumped upon them 68,534 shares of the Panama Railroad Company, worth less than \$100 each, at the rate of \$268.25, and have brought suit against them for the recovery of the stolen money. So some of the money of which the poor people of France have been robbed has been expended in the election of republican Presidents in this country.

PRESIDENT HARRISON expresses himself as delighted with Lord Salisbury's reply to his latest notes on the Behring Sea affair, and, necessarily with the ratification of the new British treaty. A dispatch from London says: "The result of the negotiations is taken here to be a pronounced triumph for English diplomacy." That the affair should have been settled so satisfactorily to both the interested parties is no less surprising than agreeable. But, all the same, it seems that English diplomacy did succeed, though it could have hardly been otherwise, as the position Mr. Harrison assumed was utterly unselectable, according to international law.

MR. CHAUNCEY DEWEY delivered a long address in Albany, right before last, at the memorial services in honor of the late General Sherman, but it is observable that though he mentioned many strange things in the General's history, he made no allusion to what some people think was the tangiest of all, which is, that though the General announced at a farewell banquet in New Orleans, just before the commencement of the war between the States, that he would never draw his sword against the people of the South, who had treated him with such hospitality, he was fighting against them less than two months thereafter.

THE Bedford Publishing Company of New York presents itself in anything else than a favorable light by its attempt to blink Mrs. Jefferson Davis out of the royalty on her book, containing the history of her husband's life. The contract was decidedly in favor of the publishers, and Mrs. Davis is in need of the money. It is hoped that speedy justice may be awarded her by the courts of New York.

#### FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 31, 1882. At the Raun investigation to-day Mr. E. L. Raun asked Commissioner Kaum, as he has been doing for several days past, where Mr. Lineaweaver, one of Commissioner Raun's confidential clerks, was. The Commissioner responded to-day that Mr. Lineaweaver had returned to Washington. Mr. Payson, Mr. Raun's counsel, said it had been by his advice that Raun had previously declined to disclose Lineaweaver's movements.

The Senate elections committee to-day decided to allow \$4,000 and \$1,250, respectively, to Messrs. Clagett and Davidson, recent contestants for seats in the Senate, and \$2,000 to Senator Dubois to meet his expenses in defending his seat.

The free silver bill is not only practically dead in the House, but in the Senate also. A point of that body was taken to-day, and it was found that not only a large majority of the republican members of the Senate, but about half the democratic members, are opposed to it, so that when Mr. Stewart shall call it up next Monday, as he has said he will do, he will find that if he shall desire to

make a speech upon it no objection will be made, but that if he objects to take the bill up for debate and in order to bring it to a vote, it will not be taken up. Mr. Morgan threatened to precipitate a debate upon it to-day but failed.

There is no truth in the report that the State Department is negotiating for damages for the Italians killed by the New Orleans mob. If it be determined that any of the victims of that mob were subjects of Italy, Congress will probably make reparation to their heirs, but nothing has yet been done in the matter.

The House committee on war claims has reported in favor of the Maddox claim, but there is no possible chance of the adoption of that report by the House at this session, nor of its adoption by the Senate while ex-Senator Spooner's report upon it stands unrefuted. Mr. Speaker Crisp has acquired one of the practices adopted by Mr. Reed when he presided over the House. He to-day looked clear through Mr. Watson, of Georgia, who wanted to catch his eye and saw some one else behind the Farmer's Alliance leader.

It has been practically determined that Mr. Rockwell, the democratic Congressman from Senator Hill's district, will not be turned out of his seat to give to a republican as recommended by a majority of the House elections committee, among whom are two democrats.

Senator Daniel will start for New Orleans on Saturday evening and will address the ex-Confederate convention to be held there on the 8th proximo.

In consequence of the continued illness of Senator Morrill, who has some remarks to make upon it, the West Virginia direct tax bill, to which Senator Chandler's suggested amendment providing that the government settle its claim against Virginia on the same terms as those recently accepted by the other creditors of that State, was again postponed to day, this time until next Tuesday week.

The democrats in Congress are desirous of an early adjournment, but the republicans will oppose it and will consume time in trying to increase the appropriations set down by the House.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Barbour presented a petition from Franklin Granger, No. 32 of Westville, Clarke county, Virginia, for various sorts of congressional legislation.

The House agricultural committee to-day agreed upon an anti-option bill, not so stringent as any of those which had been referred to them.

A WAR OF ONE BATTLE.—In the annals of the American navy no achievement of a single commander in a single ship surpasses that of David McDougal in the Wyoming at Shimoda. Happening on the other side of the globe, during the civil war, this daring exploit passed unnoted at the time. Ignored by our naval historians, it has thus far found no chronicler. The modest report of the hero, in about five hundred words, conveys no idea of the splendor of the achievement.

Briefly told, the story is this: A sloop of war of six guns, in a narrow strait, engaged during seven minutes a force of seven batteries mounting thirty heavy guns, and three men-of-war carrying eighteen guns—in all, forty-eight guns. The Japanese force comprised probably twelve hundred men. The Wyoming, unassisted, destroyed one of the batteries, sunk two ships, disabled a third, and emerged from the conflict with a loss of four men killed and seven injured.—April Century.

STARVING CHILDREN IN RUSSIA.—Another despatch from St. Petersburg says that the committee formed for the purpose of providing relief for the children of the famine stricken peasants of Russia, has reported that in many of the districts where the famine prevails the children are so poorly nourished that they are too feeble to undertake the long walk, which in many instances requires an hour's time to accomplish, to the schools where soup is doled out to those who make application. Being unable to obtain any food the unfortunate children, driven desperate by the pangs of hunger, resort to the most unnatural means of securing something to stay the gnawings of their stomachs. To such straits are they driven by the famine that they eat the most unwholesome and disgusting things. It was found during the investigations of the committee that the children, when nothing in the form of food could be obtained, were in the habit of greedily eating whatever rags fell into their possession, and that when the rags failed them their hunger was so great that they actually devoured quantities of earth.

Richmond Terminal Affairs. At a special meeting of the governing committee of the New York Stock Exchange this afternoon to consider the listing of two temporary receipts issued by the Central Trust Company in exchange for the Richmond Terminal stock deposited under what is known as the O'cott reorganization plan, it was decided to list the trust company receipts at 6 per cent. consolidated bonds, the 5 per cent. first mortgage collateral trust, gold bonds, and the preferred and common stock.

AGAINST SUBSIDIES.—The report of the committee on merchant marine and fisheries recommending the repeal of the mail subsidy act was submitted to the House yesterday by Mr. Ealos. It takes the broad ground of dissent from the policy of granting subsidies to persons engaged in any character of pursuit whatever, which policy, it asserts, is robbery under color of law and less honorable than robbery in the teeth of law. If the principle of subsidy is right it should apply to all, and the cotton planter of the South has as much right to subsidy or bounty as the shipowner, sugar-planter and tree-trappers who now receive it.

Lawlessness in Loudoun. An assault upon the house of Mr. Richard Bantor, about three miles southeast of Middleburg, was made on Monday night. About 12 o'clock five persons, three white and two colored, broke a window pane and threw into the room on the first floor a cotton ball saturated with burning coal oil, and then fired into the bed which contained two ladies, one of whom, Miss Annie, a daughter of Mr. Bantor, was wounded in the breast and leg severely, but not dangerously.

The firing awoke a son of Mr. Bantor, the second story, who gave an alarm, and the marauders ran and have not been discovered as yet. It is believed that their intention was to shoot the elder Mr. Bantor, who occupies the room in which the ladies were that night, but who had left home that day.

An assault was made on him in the darkness one night last fall by unknown parties, and though they are unknown it is thought that this attack has been made by the same men, for what reason no one seems to know.

#### DIED.

This morning at 12:20, JAMES EDWARD, oldest son of Louis and Margaret Thomas, in the 23rd year of his life. Funeral from St. Mary's Church, Saturday morning, April 2, at 9:30 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited to attend. Washington, Baltimore and Richmond papers please copy.

#### NEWS OF THE DAY.

Pope Leo is displeased with the attacks made upon Archbishop Ireland.

The decision in the Ohio and Mississippi case is construed as insuring control of that road by the Baltimore and Ohio.

The Kentucky State republican convention which met in Louisville yesterday instructed the delegates to vote for Harrison.

Mr. James R. Young, executive clerk of the Senate, who was charged with giving out Senate secrets, has written a letter declining to resign.

Secretary Blaine has resumed the discharge of his official duties and will conduct all further negotiations of the government in the Behring Sea matter.

Pratt's Brothers' stock farm at Downer's Grove, near Chicago, was burned yesterday, cremating 500 horses, including 10 thoroughbreds. Loss \$30,000.

Reports from the Dakotas say the excessive rains have spoiled ten million bushels of wheat now in stacks in the Red river valley.

It is reported that Mr. Hugh Thompson, of South Carolina, may retire from the civil service commission to engage in the lumber business.

The Treasury Department has decided that Canadian seamen can no longer be employed on lake vessels flying the United States flag, but must make way for American seamen.

The German Reichstag, yesterday, passed the bill allowing the government to declare a state of siege in Alsace Lorraine in the event of war. The House also passed a credit for the construction of a complete system of strategic railways.

A. V. Banohard, aged ninety years, of Palmer, Mass., has left his wife, whom he married eight years ago, charging that she grossly ill-treated and abused him, because he did not die, that she might get the \$20,000 on his life.

"Prince Michael" Mills and Lizzie Courts were indicted in a Detroit court yesterday on the charge of adultery, and were released on bail. A charge of worse offense will likely be brought against this religious crank.

Justice Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court, has rendered a decision directing the Union Pacific Company to herself operate its own telegraph lines, and not through the instrumentality of the Western Union.

Rev. Joshua Shultz, over eighty years old, a well-known Schenckfeldt preacher residing in Hereford township, Berks county, Pa., fell dead from heart disease while sitting in the pulpit at the funeral of Abraham Kraus yesterday afternoon.

Senator O'Fallon, of Illinois, has written a letter to ex-Mayor Roche, of Chicago, withdrawing his name as a candidate for the republican nomination for Congress. He says the people seem to favor the nomination of President Harrison, whose administration has been able, clean, courageous, and patriotic.

At the meeting of the democratic congressional campaign committee in Washington last night Hon. J. L. Mitchell, of Wisconsin, was elected chairman; Lawrence Gardner, of Washington, secretary, and J. W. Norris, of Washington, treasurer. Mr. A. J. Jones is the member from Virginia. The chairman was authorized to appoint the executive committee.

The effort of the silverites to secure enough signatures to induce the committee on rules to report a closure rule to the House was not crowned with success yesterday, and at the hour of adjournment they were about ready to give up all hope of passing a silver bill through the present Congress.

In the U. S. Senate yesterday much of the session was devoted to a debate on the House provision for the appointment of army officers as Indian agents, and an amendment was adopted that the President shall appoint a civilian whenever he finds that the good of the service demands it. The House devoted most of the day and night sessions to the continued discussion of the wool bill, and a large number of speeches were made on both sides.

Secretary Blaine has resumed the discharge of his official duties and will conduct all further negotiations on behalf of his government in the Behring Sea matter. It is said that no further action will be taken in regard to the arbitration treaty until the arrangements for his motions have been completed. The British minister has been officially informed of the ratification of the treaty and has undoubtedly communicated the fact to the home government.

#### Faustian Notes.

Mr. Henry Gregg, of The Plains, was trying to get a load out of a gun when it exploded and blew off his left hand. Drs. Cochran and Clark amputated his arm between the wrist and elbow.

Messrs. Ogilvie and Foster sold 65 head of cattle last week.

Miss Leva Brulin died recently at her home near Aldie. She was very much esteemed, and will be greatly missed.

Dr. and Mrs. Kendall, of Paris, this country, will, we learn, make their home in Texas after the middle of April.

Judge Lipscomb, of the County Court of Prince William, and Mr. J. J. Davies, commonwealth's attorney, were in Warrenton Monday last. Mr. Davies says the case of the lynching of Dye and Hedlin will be presented to the grand jury on the first Monday in April. The guards will be summoned as witnesses. As they know none of the parties it is probable the grand jury will find a true bill. Considerable difficulty was experienced in finding a place to bury Dye. The people at Catlett did not want him buried there, and the owner of the place in Safford, where the rest of his family were buried, refused for some time, but finally consented.

A meeting of the creditors of the defunct banking firm of Rosenberg, Spindle & Co. has been called for April 5 at Warrenton, to act on propositions to be submitted for a settlement. The chairman of the committee says: "It is believed that not less than thirty per centum of your demands will be realized. In pace and stead of other propositions it has been agreed that Rosenberg, Spindle & Co., may at any time within sixty days from April 1 pay \$9,300 in cash in full settlement of all demands against them."—Warrenton Virginian.

Court of Appeals in Richmond Yesterday. Bank against Overbeck. Further argued by H. O. Claggett for plaintiff and W. W. Wilkugby and H. E. Davis for defendant and submitted.

Hodge against Commonwealth. Submitted. Berkeley against Commonwealth. Argued and continued.

I am one of the oldest horse-shoers in the town, and I have used your Salvat on Oil for cracked heels, mange and sand cracks with horses, it gives perfect satisfaction.

CHAS. W. LEE,

414 W. Baltimore St., Balt., Md. A Methodist preacher blithely said that would be nice to go to Europe, but the good doctor was getting a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and consequently now enjoy a good cough.



#### ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

##### Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 31. SENATE.

In reply to a direct question proposed to the committee on foreign relations, Mr. Sherman, chairman of that committee, stated that the work of the Nicaragua canal was progressing favorably under a private corporation chartered by Congress; that Congress had done nothing whatever to aid it; that a bill for that purpose was reported last session, but was not acted on; that that bill was now under consideration.

Mr. Morgan has introduced a series of resolutions directing the committee on finance to inquire into the cause of depression in agriculture and business and the effect of the silver act of 1890.

Mr. Sherman appealed to him to allow the committee to make the inquiry before the debate is had but Mr. Morgan said he intended to call the resolutions up to-morrow and discuss them regardless of the feelings of President Harrison, the democratic presidential nominees or any other person.

Mr. Morgan's purpose was to avoid the operation of the rule of the Senate, which would prevent any debate when Mr. Stewart makes his motion next Monday to take up the silver bill. He seeks an opportunity to record his views and that of other Senators upon the silver question, without limitation of debate, which may be achieved through the discussion of his resolutions beginning to-morrow.

The Senate has rejected (yeas 29, nays 34) the amendments recommended by the appropriate committee to strike out of the Indian appropriation bill the provision for the assignment of army officers to the duties of Indian agents.

The resolution was finally laid over until to-morrow on Mr. Morgan's motion.

##### HOUSE.

After the transaction of some routine business (the House went into) Committee of the Whole.

##### Foreign News.

MELBOURNE, Mar. 31.—The publication of all the known details of the crimes of the notorious criminal Deeming, has caused a most bitter feeling here and many suggestions are made that upon his arrival in Melbourne he be lynched. The authorities fear that the people will act upon these suggestions, and they have therefore decided upon the adoption of measures to prevent the murderer from falling into the hands of the excited populace.

BERLIN, Mar. 31.—The Reichstag was prorogued to-day. The speech closing the session was delivered by Dr. Von Boetticher, secretary of the imperial home office and representative of the chancellor.

DUBLIN, Mar. 31.—Owing to the spread of rabies the whole pack of hounds of the Armagh Hunt Club have been destroyed.

PARIS, March 31.—It is believed that several anarchists who expected that the police would search their lodgings have thrown into the Seine large quantities of stolen dynamite and a number of infernal machines. The bottom of the river will be thoroughly searched for explosives.

The examination of Ravachol, which was held last night, revealed that he was a greater villain than even the police supposed. He admitted that he was a grave robber and confessed that he murdered an old hermit of Notre Dame de Grace, and is suspected of the murder of his wife and servant. He coolly acknowledged that he belonged to a gang of counterfeiters. The Echo to-day states that Ravachol has admitted that he was the author of the Boulevard St. Germain explosion. Ravachol is watched in prison night and day by detectives. He is the illegitimate son of German parents and was born in France.

At the Church of St. Nicholas last night the preacher made allusions to the social question when some of his hearers objected to his remarks and made an attack upon the others of the congregation who supported him. The latter after a lively fight succeeded in driving their attackers from the church, when a sharp scuffle followed during which several of the combatants were severely injured.

The police to-day arrested an anarchist named Delanoy on the charge of selling dynamite. His description tallies with that of the man who was seen in the vicinity of No. 39 Rue Clichy on Sunday morning after the explosion.

The Raleigh Launched. NORFOLK, Va., Mar. 31.—The cruiser Raleigh was successfully launched this morning at the Norfolk Navy Yard. Fully forty thousand people witnessed the interesting event. The Navy Yard, the shores of the river and dozens of steamers, tugs and yachts were covered with spectators. At twenty-four minutes of twelve o'clock the signal was given and Mrs. Alfred W. Haywood, of Raleigh, N. C., daughter of Governor Holt, of that State, standing between the Secretary of the Navy and Ensign Hilary P. Jones, broke the bottle of wine on the bow of the cruiser as she began to move off. The whole affair was a marvel of success. The shouts of the multitude and the salutes of the steamers were deafening for several minutes. Governor Holt and staff, his volunteer soldiers of this section, and many prominent people from a distance were present.

A Murderer Lynched. FINDLAY, O., March 31.—About 1 o'clock this morning a mob of one thousand men surrounded the jail where Lytle, the man who assaulted and fatally injured his wife and two daughters with a hatchet Wednesday morning, was confined. The determined men battered down the doors and the murderer wretch was dragged out into the street and taken to a bridge a short distance away. A rope was put around his neck and one end thrown over a cross piece of the structure. When the mob were in the act of pulling him up a shot from a revolver parted the rope and the wretch fell to the ground. He was quickly picked up and hauled to the nearest telegraph pole where the lynching was completed.

#### Destructive Fire.

CALCUTTA, Mar. 31.—Dispatches from Mandalay, the capital of Burmah, say that fire has been raging there since 11 o'clock Tuesday night. Three-fourths of the city is in ashes, and the fire has not been checked. Among the buildings already gone are the old palace, the new government telegraph office, and two convents. The whole business portion of the city has been swept away. The loss of life has been between seventy-five and a hundred, as far as known, and scores of persons have not been accounted for. Nearly 200,000 people have been rendered homeless.

#### To Exterminate Cattle Thieves.

LANDER, Wyoming, Mar. 31.—A band of cattle thieves have for a long time been committing numerous depredations in the vicinity of the National Park, and counts have been unable to convict them. The cattlemen have resolved to take matters into their own hands, and nearly two hundred of them have started for the neighborhood of the thieves. All are heavily armed and declare they will not return until they have killed the thieves.

#### An Aged Senora.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Mar. 31.—Carmen Roder, a Mexican woman, 150 years old, died at Tucson last night. She was said of honor at the Mexican Vice-Regalio court under Spanish domination. Later she was attached to the household of Maximilian and after the famous Cinco de Mayo, followed the fortunes of Emperor Iturbide.

#### Train Robbery.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 31.—The Georgia Pacific train which left here at 11:30 last night for Atlanta was held up at Weems Station by a gang who shot the bagman and went through the mail car, taking all the registered baggage, containing \$6,000.

#### TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A conspiracy to assassinate the president of the Argentine Republic has been discovered.

Six prisoners escaped from the jail at Charlotte, N. C., this morning by digging through the wall. Among the number was John Boyd, a negro charged with wrecking the West North Carolina train at Eastlan's Bridge last August when twenty-two people were killed.

Gen. Jas. W. Singleton is lying seriously ill at his home in Baltimore. He was born at "Paxton," near Winchester, Va., 51 years ago. Gen. Singleton served two terms in Congress and went to Richmond at the instance of President Lincoln to confer with Jefferson Davis just before the close of the war.

A San Antonio special says the first train over the high bridge just completed over the Pecos Canon, which is 328 feet high and 2,180 feet long, comprised five coaches bearing C. P. Huntington and a distinguished party of other San Antonio officers and guests from Mexico. The bridge is a marvel and is a perfect success. Mr. Huntington proceeded to El Paso, where it is thought he will meet Jay Gould.

The mixing house of the works of the National Dynamite and Powder Company, at Ferrolde, near Ringtown, Pa., blew up yesterday. John Long, who had charge of the machinery, was blown to atoms. There were over 1,000 pounds of dynamite in the building, and the explosion left a hole 50 feet square in the earth.

Chas. Sprackles whose immense sugar refinery was recently absorbed by the sugar trust left Philadelphia for San Francisco with his family at noon to-day. With the recent sale of his property to the sugar trust, Mr. Sprackles apparently lost all interest in the city where he had resided with his family for two years past.

All the telegraph operators on the St. Louis and San Francisco Road were pledged last night to strike on April 1st, if their demands in the matter of reinstatement of J. M. Grooms were not complied with.

A prominent Chicago labor agitator says that dynamite schools have been established in Chicago, New York and Boston to satiate in the settlement of strikes.

Last night the dead body of a young woman named Emma Fox, was found lying in the street at Altoona, Pa., with a revolver shot in the abdomen. No cause is assigned for the tragedy.

A very destructive prairie fire swept over Norton county, Kan., yesterday destroying an immense amount of property.

The business portion of Earlville, N. Y., was burned this morning—the third time in the past six years.

#### The Tigress Slain.

The tiger's den in the carnivora house at Forepaugh's winter quarters in Philadelphia was the scene of a terrific battle yesterday morning, and when the great roaring, struggling brutes had been dragged apart by the keepers the beautiful young Agass Princess lay dead and her royal consort, India, stood growling over her with eyes aflame and gnashing jaws that dripped with her life's blood. India is the largest tiger in the menagerie and is a superb young beast, about five years old. He is renowned among circus men as the most wonderful tiger ever bred in captivity, for he attained a size seldom seen by the most experienced hunters and his head has been the delight of many an artist.

Yesterday morning India was admitted to the cage of Princess and in an instant, with a terrific roar, opened his huge jaws, drove his great white upper fangs right through her skull and into her brain. The tigress uttered a scream of pain that was heard a block away and fought madly for her life, but India held her head in his vice-like jaws and thrashed her about as a terrier would a rat. The lions and panthers and leopards bounded wildly about in their den, roaring and snarling with all their power, and a score of keepers dashed into the long, narrow room where the tumult was going on, and several armed with long iron rods endeavored to separate the fighting tigers. It was useless, however, and not until Princess was dead did India release her. Then he stood on her body and licked his bleeding chops with a low growl of satisfaction.

ELECTRICITY INSTEAD OF THE RAT.—At the Newark City Home at Verona, N. J., a new use has been discovered for the electric battery and wire. The superintendent of that institution employs electricity upon the boys and girls instead of the lash or the rod of discipline. The doctor in charge is to be credited with originating this method of punishing children. The brutal feature of the system is that the electric shocks are applied to the base of the skull, which, as all electricians know, causes more pain in small doses than when they are applied to the extremities. The boys in this institution are the victims of the new style of punishment, which is considered too severe for the girls.

#### VIRGINIA NEWS.

Rev. Dr. Henry M. White, pastor of the Loudoun street Presbyterian Church, Winchester, has been called to the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church at Waverlyville.

General James A. Walker has accepted the invitation to deliver the oration upon the occasion of the unveiling of the Hill statue in Richmond on May 30th.

Senator Hill, owing to other engagements, will be unable to address the J. Heron and Washington literary societies of the University of Virginia.

Mr. Hugh Adams, one of the leading democrats in Rockbridge county, died at his home, near Rockbridge Baths, Tuesday night of pneumonia. He was chairman of the electoral board of Rockbridge county.

Information has been received of the death of Marcus Williams, alias "Red Horse," who was sent to the penitentiary from Norfolk, for a desperate assault on Mr. Brock. He was killed in camp by an explosion.

Governor McKinney has addressed the following letter to Judge R. N. Pollock, of Norfolk county: "I see from the papers that recently there was a prize fight in your county, which under statute is a felony. I have waited to see what action would be taken in the case by your justice. Please let me know if the parties have been indicted, and, if not, why? Were the parties arrested by warrant, if not, why? If there is any defect in the law please let me know what it is so that it may be remedied."

Robert H. Gilliam, Jr., aged nineteen, a son of a leading real estate agent of Richmond, shot himself in the forehead near that city yesterday, instant death resulting. He went to a party Tuesday night, returning yesterday morning at six o'clock. After breakfast he started to go to his business, but his father told him to remain at home. A few minutes later a pistol shot was heard to the young man's room, and he was found dead, with a bullet in his temple. The young man was recently discarded but did not seem cast down.

Confederate Monument at Luray, Va. Mr. Herbert Barber, sculptor, Luray, Va., continues to receive subscriptions for his monument to the Confederate Soldier. Among the others, received during the past few months, is the following from Col. Theo. J. Harley, Fort Worth, Texas: Mr. Herbert Barber, Luray, Va.

DEAR SIR:—I return your subscription list with my name added for a small amount. As I was in the Union army during the war I feel that I am competent to judge of the bravery and heroism of the southern soldier. It is, therefore, a pleasure to me to contribute to this monument to the Confederate Soldier, in honor of the memory of the gallant men who fought and died for the cause of the South. I am, Sir, very truly yours, THOMAS J. HARLEY.

President Texas Commission World's Fair.

TO ENCOURAGE SHIPBUILDING.—The bill reported to the House yesterday to encourage American shipbuilding, introduced by Mr. Cockran, provides for the admission to American registry of steamships of the highest grade now owned by foreign corporations, nine-tenths of whose stock is held in the United States. If the American stockholders obtain a complete transfer of the vessels and build in the United States their steamers equal in tonnage to those acquired from foreign corporations. This will admit to American registry only a limited number of high-class steamships already existing. Established lines of steamships which do not exist in the American market, the passage of the bill, says the report, will give immediate employment to a large number of men and will stimulate shipbuilding by American shipyards.

TOTAL ECLIPSES OF THE SUN.—Every year there must be two eclipses of the sun, and there may be five. These are partial eclipses, however, except in the comparatively rare case in which the moon passes nearly centrally over the sun's disk and produces a total obscuration of his light. Since the invention of the spectroscope, in 1869, there have been hardly a score of total eclipses, and a number of these could not be observed because the belt of totality fell at the earth's polar regions or upon oceans. The belt of totality is a narrow strip—never more than a hundred and seventy miles wide—where the point of the moon's shadow falls upon the earth. Total eclipses rarely occur, therefore, at the same point of the earth's surface. For example, there has been no total eclipse since the year 1140 except that of 1715, and there will be none during the next century.—April Century.

Filtrating Indorsements of Salvation Oil continue to crowd in on the proprietors. One sufferer relates as follows: "I suffer intense pain from neuralgic headache. A few rubbings of Salvation Oil banished it. No better pain expeller."

"Tune up your voice," and stop coughing by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

#### JUST RECEIVED,

THE AMERICAN HAIR GROWER,

mar 24 A. J. D. H. LUNT.

FRESH BEAR LITHIA WATER.

At J. H. D. LUNT